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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXII.---NO. 94. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,639

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Admiral Camara's squadron is on its way back to Spain. —— Congress adjourned at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. —— Spanish consul at Hong Kong cables that the Philippine insurgents have revolted against the Americans. —— It is cabled from Rome that European powers are conferring with a view to arranging peace, but the Madrid cabinet strongly opposes. —— An expedition of 1,720 men left Charleston yesterday for Santiago on the steamers Yale and Columbia; Gen. Miles accompanied the expedition. —— The armistice at Santiago has been extended until noon to-day, when a joint attack will be made by the army and navy on the Spaniards. —— Maher won from Goddard in the eighth round of the fistic combat in New York last night. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton easy —uplands 6 3-16c; flour—the market had a better inquiry and a steadier undertone; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 91½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 37½ @37¾c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 8.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 75 deg.; 8 P.M., 78 deg.; maximum, 84 deg.; minimum, 72 deg.; mean, 78 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .86; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.90 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 16.2 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Light to moderate showers have occurred in all districts, excepting Galveston and Memphis. The temperature changes have been slight. Cloudy weather prevails in the Carolinas and Georgia, and generally clear weather in the remaining districts.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Showers and thunder storms have occurred during the past twelve hours in the Atlantic Coast States from Wilmington to Jacksonville and thence westward to the Mississippi valley; also, in the lower Lake region. The weather continues generally cloudy and unsettled in the southern and central districts to-night. It is mostly clear in the northern and western sections. An area of low pressure, central in the extreme Northwest, extends southwestward over the central valleys to Texas. The barometer is highest at Key West, Fla., while another high area covers the Northwest.

It is warmer than on last evening in the Middle and North Atlantic Coast States and much cooler in the lower Lake region, lower Mississippi valley and the extreme West.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Partly cloudy weather, with showers and thunder storms; variable winds.

Port Almanac---July 9.

Sun Rises	4.50 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.19 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 31 M.
High Water at Southport	12.15 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2.25 P. M.

Whether Gen. Shafter weighs 300 or more pounds, it is all good stuff.

A contemporary remarks that "Spain will fight it out." And if she does we will have to swipe her out.

Camara has got through the Suez canal. But he didn't get through that half as easy as Dewey will go through him when they meet.

Chicago has had to borrow her news for several days because of a strike of the stereotypers, which prevented the issuing of daily papers.

Assuming that we will demand indemnity of Spain, ex-Senator Edmunds does not think we should be satisfied to take in a job lot of islands for which we wouldn't have any use.

One of the champion scorchers is a Brooklyn, N. Y., man, who recently completed a 500-mile run in sixty hours, an average of twelve miles an hour for every hour in three days and two nights. He was not only quick but he was tough.

Governor Tanner, of Illinois, considers himself a bigger man than the Adjutant General of the War Department, and therefore declines to receive communications from him. Tanner was suspected some time ago of having a bad case of big head.

"Chang the Chinese Giant," who for years was a drawing attraction in Barnum's circus, has been granted a divorce, in Providence, R. I., where he lives. Chang is a Yank whose name is Bailey, but when rigged up in orientrl duds he looked allee samee Chinaman and fooled thousands of people.

All the re-inforcements for Admiral Dewey have not left San Francisco yet for want of ships to transport them. Two vessels have been chartered. Two more will be chartered or impressed. These four can carry 3,500 men, still leaving 6,000 awaiting transportation. Another object lesson.

The balloon for observation purposes in war is not such a new thing as some suppose. It has been used more or less for a hundred years, and was much used in the war between Germany and France.

If Uruguay expected to attract any attention she should have postponed her fracas until Uncle Sam and Spain got through with their debate.

The downfall of the German Chancellor may be looked for at any time. He is 80 years old and is learning to ride the bicycle.

Bob Evans gives 'em "h—ll" with his guns when he gets a chance and also with the megaphone.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Vollers & Hashagen—Provisions.
C. W. Polvogt & Co.—Bargains.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Navassa Guano Co.—Notice.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. R. I. Katz, of Greensboro, is here.

— Mr. J. W. Murchison returned to the city yesterday.

— Mr. Paul Brown, of Warsaw, was a STAR visitor yesterday

— Mr. C. Cheek, of Durham, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. I. W. Cooper is spending his vacation at home, Conway, S. C.

— Mr. J. G. Barentine returned yesterday from a two weeks tour of Northern cities.

— Dr. R. M. Norment and Mr. W. S. Norment, of Lumberton, were in the city yesterday.

— Rev. W. H. Reddish, of Wilson, will preach at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning and night.

— Mr. E. F. Young and family, of Dunn, arrived at Carolina Beach yesterday to spend a while at the Oceanic Hotel,

— Col. R. A. Jenkins, proprietor of the Oceanic Hotel at Carolina Beach, was here yesterday, going to Salem for a few days.

— Mrs. Mary A. Bailey, Miss Mary Bailey and Miss S. Butner, of Winston-Salem, were registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. Bernice C. Moore, the clever young Brooklyn druggist, has gone off for his vacation. He will visit Warsaw, his old home, Washington, and other places.

— J. H. Dangerfield, a popular young gentleman from Winston, is spending several days in Wilmington, the guest of Mr. Thomas Lippitt.

— The STAR yesterday received a pleasant call from Mr. J. R. Paddison, of Mt. Airy, under whose management the excursion in the city the past two days was run.

— Mr. W. L. Carlton, of Warsaw, who enlisted as a government telegrapher, has written his parents from San Francisco that he expects to leave for Manila in a few days.

— Miss Myrtle Holt, of Oak Ridge, who has been in the city and on Ocean View beach the past several weeks, the guest of Miss Vandyke, left for her home yesterday, much to the regret of her many friends here.

— Mr. Greek O. Andrews, the genial manager of the Raleigh *Morning Post*, who has been on Ocean View beach the past several days, came up to Wilmington yesterday and will leave in a day or two for Raleigh.

— Ensign Hugh Miller, of the U. S. S. *Nantucket*, who has been here on a furlough since the Fourth, left last night. He will spend a day at Goldsboro, his former home, and will report for duty on board ship to-morrow.

— Mr. James Allen, one of the efficient and popular corps of clerks at the Orton Hotel is taking a week's vacation. Yesterday was his first day off. He expects to spend much of the week on Carolina and Ocean View beaches,

— Rev. G. W. Maffett, of Clinton, who has been preaching so acceptably and effectively at Immanuel Presbyterian Church, will continue his work in the meetings at least through a good portion of next week. The congregations are large and there is much interest.

Disordered Alarm Box.

It was discovered yesterday forenoon that fire alarm box No. 45, at the corner of Front and Castle streets, was out of order and Superintendent Jno. T. Yates took it down to make the needed repairs. He expects to replace the box in thorough order some time to-day.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

DELIGHTFUL CLUB EVENT.

Annual Fourth of July Celebration By the Atlantic Yacht Club on Ocean View Beach.

Last night was a gay one on Ocean View beach, being the occasion of the Fourth of July celebration by the Atlantic Yacht Club. The club house was attractively decorated with Japanese lanterns and the club and National colors, while the surrounding beach was aglow with variegated lights. One of the largest crowds ever seen in the club house was in attendance. Members of Carolina, Sedgeley Hall and Hanover Clubs had been invited to participate in the pleasures of the evening. All clubs were well represented, and received a most hearty welcome from the members of the Atlantic Club. The evening was enjoyably spent by all. There was a fine orchestra in attendance, which discoursed delightful music. The spacious dance hall was resplendent with dancers the entire evening, while the circling verandas were crowded with spectators. Ice cream, cake and other delicious refreshments were served in abundance.

The celebration was certainly a grand success, every one present voting the evening the most pleasant in the history of the club, and the management is to be congratulated on their splendid triumph.

Ladies and gentlemen from a distance in attendance were as follows: Miss Sadie Hanes and Miss Mary Hawes, Winston; Miss Taylor, Oxford; Miss Clarkson, Charlotte; Miss Hill, Goldsboro; Miss Clark, Tarboro; Miss Stevenson, Newbern; Miss Burbank and Miss Tayloe, Washington, N. C.; Miss Phillips, Tarboro; Miss Nurney, Norfolk; Mr. Graham Woodward, Wilson; Mr. Robert Rawls, Tarboro; Mr. Guion Dunn, Newbern; Mr. Frank Miller, Winston; Mr. Elmer Ecker, Richmond; Mr. Brown, Charlotte; Mr. Ohanly, New York, and Mr. Jimmie Royster, Raleigh.

The last train for the city left the beach shortly before midnight.

THE INJURED GUNNER HERE.

Brought From Fort Macon Yesterday For Treatment at the U. S. Marine Hospital.

The gunner Joseph J. Rogers, who was so seriously injured at Fort Macon while firing the morning salute on July 4th is now in the Marine Hospital in this city for treatment. He was brought here in care of Hospital Stewart L. P. Conley, who is now stationed at Fort Macon.

To a STAR representative Mr. Conley said yesterday that there was every indication that the injured gunner would recover, but he will be very much disfigured. Readers of the STAR will remember that it was at first thought that he would lose both eyes. Mr. Conley says now that the sight in only one eye will be lost. His face is terribly mangled and he has a bad wound on the abdomen.

In speaking of affairs at the Fort Mr. Conley says the colored troops are drilling eight hours per day and making good headway in military tactics. He will leave the city, returning to Fort Macon. to-day.

RAISING OF CHIEFS.

Eyota Tribe No. 5 Improved Red Men Install Officers.

Last night was a notable one for Eyota Tribe No. 5 Improved Red men, the occasion being besides a regular meeting sleep, the time for the raising of chiefs. Past Sachem P. T. Dicksey officiated, assisted by Past Sachems Sol. Sternberger and J. R. Davis. The new chiefs are to serve six moons and are as follows: Sachem, G. G. Watts; Sr. Sagamore, Dr. A. H. Harriss; Jr. Sagamore, F. K. L. Fuchs; Prophet, E. P. H. Strunck; Chief of Records, J. M. McGowan; Keeper of Wampum, E. R. Wooten; First Sannap, J. H. Cowan; Second Sannap, N. Politz; First Warrior, R. D. Tucker; Second Warrior, E. J. Norwood; Third Warrior, P. T. Davis; Fourth Warrior, C. E. Collins; First Brave, W. N. Harriss; Second Brave, C. P. B. Michler; Third Brave, Sol. Sternberger; Fourth Brave, D D. Cameron; Guard of Wigwam, W. J. Martin; Guard of the Forest, J. R. Davis.

Committees were appointed as follows:

Hall Committee—J. M. McGowan, E. P. H. Strunck and N. Politz.

Auditing Committee—Geo. Sloan, J. R. Davis and J. S. Sneeden.

'Squire Bornemann's Court.

John and Elijah Williams, two colored boys who have been creating disturbances at night on Wooster street, were before Justice Bornemann yesterday, the first charged with assault and battery—and the other with disorderly conduct. There were numerous witnesses and the costs were so heavy that Justice Bornemann thought that the boys would be sufficiently punished by paying the expenses of the trial. So he let them off with the payment of costs, and told them that next time they would have to go to jail.

Recruits for Battery I.

Six recruits for Battery I, of heavy artillery at Caswell, arrived yesterday from Boston. They were Thomas Abbott (in command), F. W. Comboy, Jas. H. Donnelly, M. J. Ahearn, John H. D'Arcy and John Heath. They left Boston Wednesday evening. The adjective "able-bodied" used of Uncle Sam's troops so much applies perfectly to these recruits, for all are above the average size.

AT CAROLINA BEACH.

Large Attendance at the Celebration of Hanover Seaside Club.

NEW CLUB HOUSE OPENED.

A Day of Joy and Merriment—Dancing and Music—Refreshments for All—A Most Delightful Occasion.

Yesterday Carolina Beach was occupied with the celebration of Hanover Seaside Club's opening. Everybody talked about the opening and hoped that it would be a success, and the residents on the beach as well as the visitors from the city turned out in fairly large numbers.

Of course the disagreeable weather interfered materially with the crowd. But the steamer *Wilmington* on every trip had a comfortable number on board, and the service was all that could be asked—in fact everything but the weather chipped in to add to the pleasure of the occasion.

During the day the club house was given up to the members and their families, and these roamed through the building admiring the many conveniences to their heart's content. Refreshments were served all day and in spite of the rain and gloom without it was a day of joy and merriment within.

At night the club house was brilliant with lights and resonant with the sound of music. Numerous couples glided over the handsome ball room floor to the strains of music dispersed by an excellent band.

In the bowling alley, which is just north of the club house, there was much enjoyment also and this popular game was well patronized. Just above the ball room is the billiard room and the pool and billiard tables were kept steadily in use. In adjoining rooms refreshments and cigars were served to all.

The impression of each one who visited the club is that the building is a model of convenience. It is certainly a credit to those who designed it. "It is a sure enough club house," a member of another club said, in speaking about Hanover Seaside Club. He meant by this that this club is a place wherea person can go and not want for a single comfort or convenience.

The club house has bath-rooms, sleeping-rooms, dining-rooms, and refreshments always on hand, served by Mr. J. F. Stolter.

The club committee under whose direction yesterday's very delightful programme was carried out consisted of Messrs. F. Richter, Martin Schuibben, and E. P. H. Strunck. The Executive Committee, all the members of which were present to extend the courtesies of the club to visitors, consists of Messrs. C. F. Von Kampen, President; J. G. L. Gieschen, Secretary; E. P. Bailey, J. W. Duls, M. Rathjen and J. C. L. Vollers.

TO ENDORSE CANDIDATES.

Meeting of Republicans of Fourth and Fifth Wards Last Night.

There was a meeting of the Republicans of the Fourth and Fifth wards last night at the corner of Ninth and Castle streets. William Sheridan presided and James G. Blain was secretary. The meeting was for the purpose of endorsing delegates, alternates and precinct committeemen for the election of whom primaries are to be held July 14th. The following is the result of the meeting: Delegates—E. M. Green, C. W. Norwood and George Bell; Alternates—James G. Blain, Ben Barge and John Shaw. Precinct committeemen—J. N. McDuffy, W. M. Evans and William Jordan.

The STAR's informant says the meeting was well attended and there was peace and harmony.

A Serious Affair.

Henry Kinnon was painfully cut last night, while standing near the corner of Front and Dock streets. He went into Mr. J. H. Hardin's drug store to have his wound dressed and said that he had no idea who did the cutting or why it was done. A gash sufficiently deep to require stitching was cut almost from the ear to the nose. Mr. Hardin sent the wounded man with a friend to Dr. Bellamy for treatment.

Improvements on Seventh Street.

Mr. W. E. Perdew is making extensive improvements on the lot on Seventh street occupied by his father's house. The house has been moved to the north side of the lot and the erection of an addition to it has been begun on the south side of the lot. Mr. Perdew will have erected a handsome two-story house with modern improvements.

Another Sunday Trip for the Wilmington.

Beginning to-morrow the steamer *Wilmington* will make an extra Sunday trip, leaving here at 7.30 P. M. and leaving the Beach at 8.30 P. M. This trip will be of great convenience to persons wishing to take supper at the Beach and return to the city afterwards.

Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound.

Rev. Robert Strange will conduct Divine service and administer the Holy Communion at 11 o'clock Sunday, the 10th inst., in Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound. The public is cordially invited.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim will conduct the services at the Seamen's Bethel Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— The government tug *James T. Easton* brought up a number of the laborers at Fort Caswell yesterday morning.

— The weekly statement of cotton and naval stores appears on the second page. Season's receipts of cotton are 328,084 bales, against 234,363 last year.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— The regular quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Charities will be held at the office of the Association Monday, July 11th, at 12 o'clock.

— There were several changes in the naval stores market yesterday. Spirits turpentine advanced one-half cent on the gallon, and rosin dropped five cents on the barrel.

— To-morrow Rev. A. D. McClure's pulpit at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will be occupied by Rev. A. V. Lancaster. There will be services morning and evening.

— Jas. W. Sneeden, commissioner, yesterday sold at auction at the Court House door the east half of lot No. 2, block 265, on North Sixth street. Jno. E. Taylor, colored, was the purchaser, the price being $300.

— The Messrs. Partrick, of Clinton, will run an excursion to Wilmington and Wrightsville beach on Wednesday, July 13th. The train will leave Clinton at 7.15 A. M., and take on passengers as far this way as Burgaw.

— Register of Deeds Norwood says the business men of the city are reporting very slowly for schedule B taxes. July 1st to 10th is the period allotted for giving in and settling these taxes, and only two more days remain.

— The two tribes of Red Men here have appointed committees to make arrangements for the reception and entertainment of Hon. Robt. T. Daniels, Great Incohenee of the United States, whom the Wilmington Red Men hope soon to have as their guest.

Third Congressional District.

The STAR printed a special telegram on the day after the Democratic convention of the Third Congressional District at Clinton, July 30th, giving the general result. As fuller details about the voting will be of interest to many readers, we clip the following from the Sampson *Democrat* of July 7:

The first ballot was taken with the following result: Cook 91, Thomas 98, Gilman 23, Kerr 38. There was no election, 126 votes being necessary to a choice. Balloting progressed without material change until the 13th ballot when Chairman Murchison called Hon. John G. Shaw to the chair, and getting down upon the floor, placed the name of D. H. McLean, of Harnett, in nomination. The 14th ballot was taken with the following result: Cook 27, Thomas 129, Gilman 23, Kerr 35, McLean 66. Mr. Thomas was thereupon declared the nominee of the convention. A motion to make his nomination unanimous was put and carried.

To Start for Fort Macon.

According to the present programme a number of newly-enlisted colored men will leave Wilmington this morning to join Lieutenant J. A. Walker's company at Fort Macon. There was a meeting of about seventeen of them at the City Hall last night and they were instructed to report with as many more as possible at the same place this morning at 8.30 o'clock, ready to leave for Fort Macon within an hour. Lieutenant Walker has sent transportation for sixty men. It is not known how many men will report for the trip this morning.

Mr. Bellamy Opens the Campaign.

Mr. John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Sixth District, and Maj. W. H. Bernard, of the STAR, left for Robeson county, yesterday afternoon by the Carolina Central railroad. Mr. Bellamy will by special invitation address a gathering of Croatan Indians to-day. The address will be made near Pate's Station, and a large crowd is expected out to hear the opening gun of the campaign.

Telephone Fire Alarm.

A telephone alarm of fire was received at the Hook and Ladder station yesterday at 1:28 P. M., No. 501 South Front street. A defective flue had ignited the top of the building. About $5 covers the damage. Insurance is with a company represented by W. W. Hodges. The dwelling belongs to the estate of the late Mrs. Mary E. Hall and is occupied by Mrs. J. E. Hall.

There Were Four Cases.

Yesterday in the Mayor's Court four cases were called for trial. Three were for disorderly conduct. Sadie Morriss was fined $6 and costs; Massie Gause, $5 and costs and Alice Jones $5 and costs. The fourth case was against John Wilson charged with sleeping on the street. The trial was deferred for further investigation.

For Fort Caswell.

Seven recruits for the garrison at Fort Caswell spent last night at the Bonitz House and will go down the river this morning. They came from Boston Mass. Their names are as follows: James H. Donnelly, Thos. Abbott, Frank P. Connelly, Patrick W. Connelly, Michael Ahem, John H. Dorcy and John Heath.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

The Life of Ensign Bagley—The Negro Regiment—Companies Mustered In. Affairs at the Penitentiary.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8.

The first edition of the Life of Ensign Bagley reached here from the publishers to-day. It is a handsomely designed book and contains about forty engravings of Worth Bagley from childhood until a few weeks before he gave his life for his country at Cardenas, Cuba, May 11th. The volume was edited by Ensign Bagley's brother-in-law, Mr. Josephus Daniels, of the *News and Observer*. The cover is a handsome U. S. flag, with Ensign Bagley's picture in the centre. The book is to be sold for the benefit of the Bagley monument fund.

It now looks as though the negro regiment will be easily completed. Adjutant General Cowles to-day received the following message from Lieutenant Harlow, mustering officer at Fort Macon: "Have accepted 585 to include July 7th; 178 more required. Railroad reports 116 to have arrived last night and about 90 of these will be accepted to-day. I believe about 110 more should be sent."

About 200 men are ready to move at Asheville, Winston and Raleigh. Forty leave Chapel Hill to-morrow, and probably the remaining men necessary will be taken from Raleigh, so as to quell the disruption since the men from this city were not given full complement of officers. The 70 men necessary after the Chapel Hill squad reaches For Macon will be sent down either Saturday or Monday, if the plans adopted now are carried out.

Though nothing is given out by the officials at the penitentiary it is known here that Gettings, the burglar who was recently given a life term sentence, is missing from the State prison to-day.

The non-commissioned officers of the Second regiment will give a military ball on Monday night. They will attempt to eclipse the affair given by their superior officers.

Attorney General Walser returned to Raleigh to-day after several month's absence.

W. W. Ashe, of the State Geological Survey, to-day received orders transferring him to the New York division where he will be working three months in the Adirondacks.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Warden Russell offers one hundred dollars reward for Merritt.

David W. Green, of Wilmington, to-day won the gold medal offered by a Wilmington man for the best target shot in the company.

CANDIDATE BELLAMY.

Raleigh Post and News and Observer Say That He is the Man For the Place.

[*Raleigh Post.*]

The Democracy of the State is putting its best foot forward this year. Already with Crawford and Thomas in the field, Bellamy has been added in the 6th. This means heroic assaults upon the enemy, and though the latter may fight with the desperation of Spaniards, the true American manhood, represented by our candidates will make a Santiago work of it.

There were splendid men to choose from in each of the counties of the Sixth district. But our friends have chosen wisely in selecting Mr. Bellamy. Able, honest, fearless, a thorough man of the people, he will make a representative of which the State and party will be proud.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

Mr. John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover, who has been named for Congress in the Sixth district, is an able and influential Democrat who rings clear for the principles enunciated in the Chicago platform. He will ably preach the principles of Democracy in his campaign, and will stimulate the party to renewed zeal.

As a State Senator Mr. Bellamy made a reputation that was deserved. He will make a Congressman of whom the district and State will be proud, and the many indications that he will rout the enemy will multiply after his campaign of sound doctrine and thorough organization. He will preach the gospel in its purity and invite sinners to repentance, and he will also effect a perfect organization so that every Democrat in the district will strike where his licks will be effective.

There has been no truer and more vigorous arraignment of the present disgraceful State administration than is contained in the following extract from Mr. Bellamy's speech of acceptance.

[Readers of the STAR are familiar with that portion of Mr. Bellamy's speech referred to by the *News and Observer*.]

FIRE AT BENNETTSVILLE.

Furniture Store and Stock Destroyed. Other Property Damaged.

BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., July 8.—At 12.30 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the centre of G. W. Waddill's furniture store. The store and stock are a total loss. J. L. Douglass' stock of drugs and building were damaged. T. J. Caple, Frank Covington and Willis Turlington, grocers, sustained losses in moving stocks. All losses fully covered, except Waddill's, who will sustain a small loss above insurance.

WAR ATLAS.

The Seaboard Air Line has gotten out and placed in the hands of all its ticket agents at principal points, a war atlas, showing the United States, European countries, Cape Verde and Philippine islands, Cuba and its largest cities in detail, and with the maps of world, North America, Europe and South America.

These atlases are full of information and will prove of great assistance in understanding the movements of fleets and armies as given in the newspapers. On account of the great expense of getting out this atlas, the Seaboard Air Line is compelled to fix a price of twenty-five cents each, which is merely nominal.

They can be obtained upon application to agents, representatives or to T. J. Anderson, general passenger agent, Portsmouth, Va. †

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice July 7, 1898.

WOMEN'S LIST.

E E Colton, Louise Cutler, Sallie Commen, Cora Depree, Eliza Evans, M J Evans, Lizzie Griffin, Hattie Pulley, Jannie and Annie Plement, Francis X Sawyer, Sulying Thompson, Cassie Wana, Dolly White, Viola Webb.

MEN'S LIST.

Jas H Brittan, Jas Brown, M L Benton, W L Collins, Phil H Dietz, De Edwards, S E Ewel, Richard Edwards, Augustus Green, Dick Chimillo Grovumi, Robt Hone, Walter Hall, J S Kent, J C Lang, C W P McKay, Lion McKay, Sidney McKay, Edward Neil, Dassie Parham, J O Oettinger, Joseph Pearson, E L Parker, E B Russell, Robt Smith, T H Sellers, Chas E Walker, Dr Williss, Emanuel Williams, John Wills, W J Wheeler. Mrs McShane, Patrick, Lizzie Martin.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

ANOTHER FIRE AT McCOLL.

Three Buildings and Several Stocks of Goods Destroyed.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

McCOLL, S. C., July 8.

Fletcher Brothers' store and ice house and J. S. Bundy's store, in which the postoffice was located, were totally destroyed by fire this morning.

The building in which Fletcher Brothers kept belonged to A. R. Odom, and was insured for $500, value about $800. The stock was insured for $1,000, value between four and five thousand. The building in which the postoffice and store of Mr. Bundy were kept was the property of Mr. Luther McLaurin. Mr. McLaurin being away it is not known whether it was insured or not. The stock of goods had only $200 insurance, value not known. The fixtures of the postoffice were saved, and most of Mr. Bundy's stock.

It has been only one month since there was a destructive fire in the same locality. No account of the origin of the fire, in either case, can be given. There is strong suspicion of incendiarism, though the suspicion has fallen upon no one, so far as your correspondent knows.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The Rev. R. V. Lancaster will conduct the services to-morrow at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8.15 P. M.

The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Dr. Bernheim. Seamen and river men are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

There will be no service in the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday, but there will be prayer meeting at 11 A. M. in Anniversary Hall, conducted by one of the Elders. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. will be conducted by the pastor, and 8.00 p. m. by Rev. Thos. A. Smoot, of Greensboro, N. C. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Corn and Meal.

200 Bushels Corn.
600 Bushels Meal.
900 Barrels Flour.
500 Rolls Bagging.
2,000 Bundles Ties.

Also, Hay, Hoop-Iron, Drugs, Peanuts, Tobacco, Snuff, Crackers, Brooms, Buckets, Bags, Molasses and other goods.

D. L. Gore.

jy 9 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 8.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—Leave Wilmington, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 8.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M.; Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 9.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.

je 5 tf

AT THE **Unlucky Corner.**

Westphalia Hams.
North Carolina Roe Herring.
Extra Nice Chip Beef.
Carter's Grated Pineapple.
Olives, Pickles, Chow-chow.
Fresh, Red-Combed Spring Chickens,

Agent for JACKSON SPRING WATER.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 7 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 8TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.

R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street.

"New-blown" Conceits in Ladies' Summer Furnishings!

Here are the furnishings you need right now—bright with the first flush of newness—most of them brand-new novelties—fresh, crisp—not picked over or handled. They appeal especially to up-to-date

Women of Taste.

Striped Linen Crash at
20c per yard.

White Duck,
10, 12 1-2 and 15c.

40-inch White Victoria Lawn, special
10c.

Remnants of India Linen,
8, 10 and 15c.

Special lot of 20c Organdies, a Bargain at
10c.

35c French Organdies, to close at
25c.

Zephyr Ginghams for Waists at
15c.

Bathing Suits, Bathing Caps, in Gent's, Ladies and Children's Suits from
85c to $5.00.

Caps, 15 to 75c.

Just received 50 pieces of Mattings. Those who wish

Good Matting

will do well to inspects our line.

Full stock of

Mosquito Nets, Hammocks, Trunks and Bags.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Sole Agents for W. B. CORSETS and STANDARD PATTERNS. je 12 tf

Save Money on Hardware, House Furnishing

by buying from J. W. Murchison. SEASONABLE goods, such as Ice Cream Freezers and Water Coolers, at prices that will make you open your eyes. COOKING APPLIANCES that for cheapness, convenience and lasting qualities you have never seen equalled; these, too, sold to gain your friendship, not for making money. THERE IS NOTHING in our line that we are not offering almost at sacrifice figures.

Celebrate the Fourth

by resolving to go to Murchison's ALWAYS for all goods in his line.

J. W. MURCHISON,

ORTON BUILDING.

jy 3 tf

We Want Your Trade.

WE WILL WORK FOR IT. WE DEAL IN GENERAL PROVISIONS. WE ARE AGENTS FOR.

Plankinton Hams, Squire's Pig Bellies,

NOT EQUALLED ANYWHERE. GUARANTEED TRADE MAKERS. WE HAVE SOME OF THOSE

5c Sellers,

Topical Twist-head.
Cuban Blossom,
Renown,

Also 10c Sellers,

Perfectos,
El Captain General.

After July 1st, You Pay the Extra Tax, Until then we Sell at Old Prices. Do About Or Get Left.

Vollers & Hashagen,

GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS,

je 30 tf Nutt Street. A. C. L. Crossing.

W. S. W.
JUL 5 1898

Get a Stamp to Cancel Your Revenue Stamps.

MADE AT
Short Notice
BY THE
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bell 'Phone 240. jy 5 tf

New Wheat Flour.

200 Barrels New Flour.
160 Barrels 1-8 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-4 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-2 Flour.
25 Barrels 1-16 Flour.
25 Barrels Best Patent Flour
PRICES TERRIBLY DOWN.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.

je 26 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $00.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

THE LATEST COALITION.

It is an off day that doesn't bring us some report as to what Germany or some other European power or powers is or are going to do about the Philippine islands. These reports at first caused some concern but they have been repeated so often and in so many different ways that it has become an old story, as stale as the circus clown's chestnut that has been doing ring service for a generation or more, and no one pays any attention to them. Some of them represented the young German Kaiser as playing a lone hand, to which some support was given by the presence of five German war ships in Manila harbor when one would have answered all the alleged purposes for which these ships were there. Three or four of them, however, recently sailed from Manila, and hence they have ceased to be a factor of speculation as to the intent and purposes of the Kaiser.

But the latest is the report cabled from Hong Kong by a correspondent of a London paper, on "reliable authority," that a coalition has been formed between Germany, Russia and France, the understanding being that they will not interfere between Admiral Dewey and the Spaniards, but that when the matter is settled between him and them then they will have something to say about the final disposition of the islands, and see that they are disposed of in the way they think that job ought to be done. What they propose to do, or insist on being done, this correspondent doesn't say for the reason, doubtless, that he didn't know, but this doesn't matter so much for the very good reason that there is not the least likelihood that such a coalition exists outside of the fake laboratory of that correspondent. If such a thing has been suggested it can have only one or two objects in view; to prevent the United States from holding possession, or to prevent England from getting possession by transfer. They wouldn't so much mind the United States holding them if it wasn't for the late manifestation of friendly feeling between them and Great Britain, but they don't want Great Britain to get a foothold there at all. John Bull has too strong a foot-hold on that side of the earth now and if by a pull all together they could drive him out there is little doubt that a coalition might be formed on that line. But it isn't easy to oust the Englishman after he once gets possession, especially when he has made such splendid preparations for staying in.

Another reason why they take special interest in the future of the Philippines is because they may attach importance to the newspaper and other talk of an alliance between this country and Great Britain, which might prove a very troublesome thing for them if it were effected. This would make the possession of the Philippines by the United States or Great Britain or by both of them jointly, or by a tacit partnership, also a very serious matter for these alleged coalitionists for it would give the United States or England, or both, practical dominion over a vast area of sea, and close enough to the Chinese coast possessions of Germany, Russia and France to be a dangerous menace in case of misunderstandings.

They perhaps attach more importance to this alliance talk than we do, for there is little probability of that going any further than it has already gone, that is to an expression of mutual good will and an tacit understanding that neither will be an indifferent spectator when it sees the other unjustly or unfairly crowded. This is really an alliance in essence without any verbal agreement to that effect, but would answer the purpose and be quite as effective as a formal alliance, which might be dissolved at any time. We will continue to avoid "entangling alliances" although we may, as there now seems a disposition to do, entangle ourselves in a different way, by going into the real estate business to close to the lines of people who do not want us for neighbors.

But assuming that there may be some foundation for this reported coalition, how easy it would be for this Government to put an estoppel to it, to knock the props from under the coalitionists and deprive them of the least pretext for meddling. All this Government has to do is when Spain is driven from the islands to assist the insurgents, if they need assistance, to form a Government of their own, negotiate with them for the use and control of a harbor as a coaling and supply depot, and then turn the islands over to the people of the islands. This would be practical proof of the groundlessness of the rumors that we were taking the islands to hold them, and as that is the alleged cause of uneasiness felt by the powers referred to it would disappear. Not one of them will contend that Spain has any claim on the islands after she has been driven out, or lowered her flag and thus confessed her inability to defend them, while it would be a superb illustration of disinterested unselfishness by this Government to drive Spain out, take possession and after peace and order and good government were established to generously turn the islands over to their own people and then take our ships out of their harbors and let them manage for themselves, opening their ports to the world, which is all that Germany, Russia and France profess to desire and all they could or dare demand. Such a proceeding on our part would knock the bottom out of such a coalition, if it were contemplated.

MINOR MENTION.

The *Progressive Farmer* of this week endorses the re-nomination of Representative John E. Fowler, of the Third Congressional district, by the Populist convention, held at Clinton on the 23d of June, but thus far we have failed to see where it has endorsed Office Hunter Dockery, who, with a Republican nomination already in his pocket, was also nominated by the Populist convention, held at Wadesboro. Does this mean that the *P. G.* is going to kick against "My Son Oliver," or that is he too nauseous a dose for it to gulp? Under the circumstances it couldn't be expected to become enthusiastic over the Popu list endorsement of the man who went so dead back on the party which two years ago gave him the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, and perhaps it hasn't yet entirely recovered from its disgust, but it has had time to rally and to tell its readers whether they should get down on their hands and knees and let Dockery ride them some more, or whether they should kick against the action of that Populist convention and put a true-blue up to be voted for. As it is they have only a choice between two Republicans—if Dockery, who proclamated himself out of the Republican party, recanted and got back, can be called a Republican—and a Democrat. It isn't hard to tell what the sensible, self-respecting Populists will do, for as the situation presents itself now there is only one thing they can do with decency and that is to vote for John D. Bellamy.

***

The unrestrained demonstrations of joy with which Lieut. Hobson and his companions were received and greeted by the men of our army and navy on their return as exchanged prisoners of war is but an indication of the gladness with which the news of their release has been received from boundary to boundary of this country, where their heroic achievement has been an oft-told story in every household. This glad outburst of the men in arms was as heartfelt as it was wild, when it ignored discipline and bounded over entrenchments and lines to grasp the hands and welcome the returned captives. But in all that Hobson didn't lose his head, for while affected by and fully appreciating the demonstrations of joy, he showed the same self-restraint, the same cool, level head that characterized him when he took that ship into Santiago harbor under the combined guns of the Spanish forts and ships, and coolly faced almost certain death. While willing to speak of their imprisonment and treatment, like a thorough officer he declined to speak of his achievement until he had first reported to his commander, or received his sanction to speak. The first favor granted to him now that he is free should be a furlough to visit father and mother, to whom he was a hero before he became famous in Santiago harbor, whose thoughts were constantly with him in his prison and whose prayers daily and nightly went to heaven for him. And so should all his companions be permitted to visit the loved ones that they left at home, whose hearts will be rejoiced to meet them again.

***

There must be some prize asses in the Spanish Cabinet and the member who is quoted in a Madrid dispatch published yesterday as saying that if Cervera had escaped with his fleet Spain would have sued for peace, but now she can't is one of them. The reason assigned is that it would look cowardly, from which it may be inferred that this man sets a higher estimate on a sucful run away than he does on the courage that faces superior numbers and skill and succumbs to inevitable defeat. He wants to wait until til they are battered some more before they cry enough when the whole world knows that a further struggle is nothing but sheer insanity. It is a very easy matter for those Cabinet members to say they must fight on until they show that they can do something before they talk of peace when every one knows they can't do anything, but if they had to go into the field and endure the hardships and expose themselves to starvation, shot and shell, as the victims of their ludicrous pride and stupid obstinacy do, they might think differently about it. They or Blanco, acting under their directions, ordered Cervera to take his fleet out of the harbor of Santiago, where it might have rendered some service in the defence of the city, when its destruction was an almost absolute certainty, and that order resulted in the destruction of a fleet and the death of several hundred loyal Spaniards, victims of this amazing stupidity and consuming pride. The loss of the fleet was a small matter, for that would have been lost to Spain anyway, but the sacrifice of those men, that was horrid; but it is in keeping with the dense stupidity and insane management, or rather mismanagement, of this war from the initial step.

BOOK NOTICES.

The *Eclectic Magazine* presents for July a capital list of articles selected from the leading European publications, covering a wide range of subjects, historic, biographic, economic, artistic, and others, some twenty-six in all. Published by E. R. Pelton, 19 East Sixteenth Street, New York.

The Outlook (weekly) of July 2d contains a fine and varied list of contents. One interesting feature of this number is entitled "With Grant at Vicksburg," by his son, Col. Fred. D. Grant. It, as well as several of the other articles, is handsomely illustrated. Address The Outlook Company, 287 Fourth Avenue, New York.

The Sanitarian for July presents a valuable list of contents, embracing a paper on "Vaccine Virus," which gives instructions and other desirable information on vaccination. Another interesting article is on 'Hygene of the Teeth," giving instructions as to the care and treatment of the teeth. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 337 Clinton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The *Review of Reviews* for July is filled with instructive and interesting matter, copiously illustrated, much of it being upon the war with Spain, "The Progress of the World" and "Current Events" condense within small space a vast amount of information that it would take a large amount of reading to acquire from other sources. Published by The Review of Reviews Company, 13 Astor Place, New York.

General Shafter rode a mule from the place of landing to Santiago. The mule was a little fellow, which didn't weigh much more than its rider, but they both got there in good shape.

Railroad Engineer

Testifies to Benefits Received From

Dr. Miles' Remedies.

THERE is no more responsible position on earth than that of a railroad engineer. On his steady nerves, clear brain, bright eye and perfect self command, depend the safety of the train and the lives of its passengers. Dr. Miles' Nervine and other remedies are especially adapted to keeping the nerves steady, the brain clear and the mental faculties unimpaired.

Engineer F. W. McCoy, formerly of 1323 Broadway, Council Bluffs, but now residing at 3411 Humboldt St., Denver, writes that he "suffered for years from constipation, causing sick, nervous and bilious headaches and was fully restored to health by Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills. I heartily recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE All PAIN. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

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SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Miss Mary Sessoms died near Stedman, on the 4th, aged about 80.

— Greensville *Record*: At the Judicial Convention in Rocky Mount Wednesday, L. I. Moore, of Greenville, was nominated for Solicitor on the 64th ballot.

— Wilson *Advance:* It is the universal verdict of the farmers that the hot dry weather has seriously damaged the tobacco crop. They fear that it will fall considerably short of last year's crop and of what was expected for this year.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Daniel Sikes died at his home in Franklin township on Saturday last. He was aged about 77 years and was a highly esteemed citizen. —— Mr. Henry A. Grady has arrived here from New York and is endeavoring to recruit a company of volunteers to go to Cuba. He will want about 106 men. He has already gotten about fifteen recruits in this section.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* John Jack Mays, the white man who stands charged with murdering, robbing and then burning the home of Mrs. Martha Riggins, an old woman, near Kapp's Mills, Surry county, was brought to Winston on Thursday afternoon and placed in jail for safe keeping. Mays was given a preliminary trial a few days ago and bound over to the next term of Surry court. The evidence against him is damaging.

— Charlotte *Observer*: A negro named Jonas Eccles seems to have a private gold mine somewhere, but no one knows where; of some depth, but no one knows how deep. Some weeks ago he offered to Mr J. C. Palamountain, the jeweler, a piece of melted gold for sale. Mr. Palamountain suspected at once that the negro had come by it dishonestly. He bought it, and reported the case to Chief Orr. The latter got Mr. Palamountain to take all the gold the man might offer until he could catch up with him as to where he got it. He has from time to time offered some good size specimens. He also sold pieces of similar size and appearance to Prof. Hanna, at the mint, and Messrs. Garibaldi & Bruns. The gold looks like it might have been watch cases, melted up. Chief Orr has the case in hand. He arrested Eccles, but so far there have been no developments.

— Dunn *Union:* Mrs. Mary A. Owen died in the 70th year of her age at the home of her daughter, near town, on Monday morning last. —— Some of our tobacco farmers will commence curing tobacco in a few days. The plants through this section are well grown and have fine large leaves. —— The threshing of wheat is nearly finished for this year through this section. The flour mills are grinding and are kept very busy. The wheat grown in this section will affect the sale of flour here to a considerable extent. —— The cotton plants have grown rapidly for the last two weeks. On most farms the weed is small but is fruiting rapidly. Much damage to the plant by lice has been reported in some sections. —— Our town has just passed through another two weeks' ordeal of "holiness, sanctification and fire" by two of the holiness preachers, Page and Avant, of South Carolina. They preach fire and divine healing, and on Saturday evening proceeded to perform their "miracles" of healing by annointing with oil. Some claimed to have been healed, and now say they will never again be guilty of taking medicine.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The ease with which Cervera sailed past the Merrimac does not affect the fact that the sinking of the boat was a plucky exploit.—*Washington Star, Ind.*

—— It is said the subscriptions for the new $200,000,000 Federal loan amounted to $700,000,000 at the close of business on last Friday. For amounts of $500 and less the subscriptions were for 40,000,000 of the bonds. It is estimated that about half of this total is bona fide, and that fixes the extent of the popular subscriptions. It is one-tenth of the amount offered.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— The barbed wire fences around Santiago did not present as much of an obstacle to the advance of the American troops as was feared would be the case. In each brigade a considerable number of men were provided with wire cutters and ordered ahead to cut the fences wherever they were encountered. These men had a hazardous task to perform. They were exposed to the fire of the enemy's sharp-shooters; but that did not deter them an instant. The wires were cut, and the troops went through.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— What about torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers now? Here are two of these dread terrors of the sea, armed not only with their torpedoes, but with 6-pounder and 12-pounder guns, besides rapid-fire guns of smaller calibre, whipped, battered to pieces and virtually sunk by a converted yacht without armor and equipped only with a few 6-pounders. She destroyed them both and they did not hurt her in the least. That makes a very bad record for the torpedo boat class of vessels; but what a magnificent achievement it was for Lieutenant Commander Wainwright and his gallant crew of the Gloucester!—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. C.: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, and took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded. †

"Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief, until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Ia." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS.

— Dawkins—"How's your indigestion, old man?" Philips—"It's doing nicely, thank you; but I don't feel very well myself."

— Mistress—"My goodness, Jane, you have your thumbs in the soup!" Jane (just imported)—"Never mind' mum, it ain't hot!"

— She—"I hope you were polite to papa, dear?" He—"Indeed I was. I gave him a cordial invitation to make his house my home."—*Tit-Bits*

— Snobery—"Time gets the best of every one, doesn't it?" Poplow—"Every one except the orchestra conductor; he beats it."—*Roxbury Gazette.*

— According to statistics, out of every one hundred women who threaten to report street car conductors for incivility, none of them do it.—*Chicago News.*

— Standing on the scaffold, he laughed. Why not? The brick he dropped had not fallen on himself, but on an unlucky man on the sidewalk below.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Mamma—"Playing Indian is so rough. Why are you crying? Have they been scalping you again?" Spotted Panther (alias Willie)—"No, mamma; we have been smoking the pipe of peace."—*Stray Stories.*

— Old Gotrax—"You must be crazy to want to marry my daughter." Jack Brokeleigh—"O, no, I'm not. And if you knew her as well as I do you yourself would realize that she is a fair sort of a girl."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— "Puffins answered an advertisement in which somebody offered to sell him the secret for preventing trousers from getting fringes around the bottom." "What did they tell him?" "To wear knickerbrokers."—*Tit Bits.*

— Sunday School Teacher—"What is the lesson we are to draw from this war with Spain?" Little Willie Wicklemeyer—"They ain't no lesson in it fer us. We're teachin' Spain a lesson."—*Cleveland Leader.*

— Heroes Yet to Come—"I understand you have decided to postpone the christening of the baby." "Yes. You see, we can't tell who we may want to name him after by the time this war is done."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Jane—"See here, hubby, why do you always carry a gun when you go out for an evening with the boys? You say a feller ain't going to die till his time comes!" Nevada Ned—"Yes. But s'posen I meet a feller, and his time's come. Then's when I need a gun."

FANTASTIC TIMEPIECES.

Old Fashioned Watches Were Made In Many Curious Shapes.

Since timepieces have come within the reach of everybody and watches are made large enough for bicycle bars and small enough for the lady's ring it is curiously interesting to recall some of the old fashioned ones that served our ancestors so well generations ago. Long before our time or that of our grandfathers' watches were made in such fantastic fashion that it is a marvel that their owners managed to carry them about.

No one seems to know the exact date of the first timepiece, but the middle of the fifteenth century seems to have been the period when "portable clocks" began to appear; in the different collections of antiquaries there are a few specimens of the "Nuremberg eggs," or watches made in oval shapes and coming from the town after which they were named.

In the possession of Lady Fitzgerald of England there was one watch which was shaped like an eagle which had a small boy on its back. This odd ornament was made to hint at the story of Jupiter and Ganymede. The breast of the bird opened to show the dial beneath it, and the works were most elaborately ornamented. When the fair owner of this treasure did not wish to wear it on her girdle, she could stand it on her table.

Gold and silver smiths seem to have let their fancy run riot during the sixteenth century, and watches made in the form of ducks, acorns, of cockleshells and of all possible things made their appearance. Most of them struck the hour, and one notable invention fired a diminutive pistol at certain intervals.

When Henry II of France fell in love with Diana of Poitiers (about 1547), she was a widow and wore mourning. Of course that offered an opportunity to the extravagant courtiers of the day, and the result was that all the ornaments at court were fashioned after such grewsome ideas that the ridiculous was close upon the sublime, to say the least. Rings were formed like skeletons, tiny coffins of gold were worn as ornaments, and they contained enamcled figures of death, but the most striking products of the hour were the watches which dangled from fair ladies' belts and which represented grinning skulls, the tops of which lifted to disclose the dial plate. Of course the eyes were brilliant jewels, and small fortunes were spent in the elaborate ornamentation of these funeral trinkets. But the watches, the trinkets and the people who wore them have all passed away, and since 1620, or thereabout, the flat oval or round timepiece has been the general favorite.

Time does not go so fantastically with us as it did with those untutored geniuses of earlier times, and perhaps our plain, substantial watches tell as much of our character as did those bizarre inventions of earlier days about the men and women who wore them.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Question.

First Statesman—I hear that there are some fellows going around offering bribes.

Second Statesman—That is something that ought to be taken in hand as soon as possible.

"Which—the fellows or the money?"—Indianapolis Journal.

They Had Her Congratulations.

Old Mr. Bentley ((reading the paper)—I see that in the recent storm at sea a ship loaded with passengers went ashore.

Old Mrs. Bentley (placidly)—How fortunate. I can imagine how glad the passengers were to get on dry land.—London Tit-Bits.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says My W. B. Cooper, of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

The Monsoon of Central India.

Haidarabad, like the rest of the center and south of India, depends for its prosperity on the southwest monsoon. This, setting in in Ceylon soon after the middle of May, works its way up the west coast and overcoming as it gains its full strength the barrier of the western ghats, advances steadily across the Deccan. Its normal date for reaching the Haidarabad state is June 5. It continues with the wind prevailing from the southwest till beyond the middle of September, when the wind, gradually veering round by west and north to the northeast, brings what appears to be a return monsoon, but what probably is the current of the southwest monsoon, which, passing from the commencement of the rains in June up the east coast and thence to the north west up the Gangetic valley, has attained greater strength than that which is then exercised by the waning west coast current and makes itself felt in the central provinces and the south. To this return current Haidarabad is often indebted for heavy falls that save the country from the scarcity that might follow a lack of strength in the original southwest current.—George Palmer in Engineering Magazine.

Helped Him Along.

"How strange!" he said.

"What?" she asked.

"These newspaper stories of fads of engaged girls," he explained.

"They don't interest me," she asserted.

"Really?" he asked.

"Not a bit," she returned. "Why should they?"

As she looked up into his eyes in a wondering sort of way he drew a good long breath, for he knew that he had a clear field, and when he left that evening she had become deeply interested in some of those fads.—Chicago Post.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Only 50 cents per bottle. †

Persons troubled with diarrhœa will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Dorrance, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhœa, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a travelling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against the attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6½
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80	@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½@		12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	30
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 50	@	4 75
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	50	@	53½
Car load, in bags—White	50	@	50½
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½@		2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½@		7¾
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	36
Barbadoes in barrels		@	36
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	70
Lisbon		@	
American		@	70
On 12 ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Sawed	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@		5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		5
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	6	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 24 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 23½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at 95c per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 23¾c, 23¼c; rosin firm, $1.25, $1.30; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine steady, $1.50, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	178
Rosin	443
Tar	109
Crude Turpentine	67

Receipts same day last year.—266 casks spirits turpentine, 552 bbls rosin, 41 bbls tar, 147 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 5-16	cts.	℔ lb.
Good Ordinary	4½	"	"
Low Middling	5 5-16	"	"
Middling	5¾	"	"
Good Middling	6	"	"

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 50@52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 8, 1898.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
15	690	3,764	815	284

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 9, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
3	1,345	3,951	291	377

EXPORTS.

For week ended July 8, 1898.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	187	641	455	648	333
Foreign	000	000	000	000	000
	187	641	455	648	333

EXPORTS.

For week ended July 9, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	248	644	414	1,213	259
Foreign	000	3	12	6	000
	248	647	428	1,219	259

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat July 8, 1898.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	6,678	35	6,713
Spirits	881	00	881
Rosin	53,038	25	53,063
Tar	2,180	00	2,180
Crude	120	00	120

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat July 9, 1897.

	Sprrits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Cotton.	2,111	20 241	3,467	520
9,223				

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 485¾@486 for demand; 484½@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 486¼@487. Commercial bills 483¾. Silver certificates 58¼@59¼. Bar silver 58¾. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds strong; U. S. new 4's, registered, 124½@125½; do. coupon, 125; U. S. 4's 110¾@111¼; do. coupon, 110¾@111½; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered, 112¾@113½; do. 5's, coupon, 112¾@113½. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 101.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 8.—Spirits turpentine steady at 23c bid; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, July 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24c; sales 683 casks; receipts 2,722 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,003 barrels; receipts 5,353 barrels; closed

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

COSTLY EXECUTIONS.

Bills For Killing Criminals That Were Formerly Paid In Holland.

Edam, in Holland, where the Dutch cheese comes from, has a museum of local antiquities, and among the not least interesting of the exhibits are the accounts of the municipal executioners during the eighteenth century, says the London Chronicle. One of these functionaries, by name Vogel, presents a detailed bill dated Dec. 19, 1718, in which he sets forth a claim for 6 florins for one decapitation and 8 florins each for a sword and winding sheet, with 3 florins 14 cents for a coffin for the decapitated one. His charge for hanging a criminal was also 6 florins, with the further addition of 3 florins for "cutting down and impaling ditto." "Breaking a man on the wheel" was a costlier luxury and ran to 9 florins, while for "supplying nine new lashes for scourge" the charge was 27 florins.

On the whole, however, Mr. Vogel was a moderate man in his charges or the value of human life went up a good deal in the next 50 years, for in the no less circumstantial accounts of Johannes Ka, presented Aug. 1, 1764, we have a charge of 12 florins for "going on board the Hans and preparing instruments of torture," with a like charge for "torturing one person." But this must have been for the lesser torture only, as on Aug. 30 the same Johannes sends in a bill for "torturing three persons at 75 florins a head"—total, 225 florins, while a few days later no less than 600 florins is charged for "hanging four persons at 150 florins each," and for "flogging two persons and burning a third" he exacts 150 florins. Clearly considerations of economy, if not of humanity, must have tended toward the reform of the criminal code in Holland.

Special Meeting

OF THE

Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, duly called and held at Room No 16, Chamber of Commerce building, in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was

Resolved, That a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board, to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Florence, South Carolina, on Friday, the 15th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the question of securing the surrender of the lease of the railroad and property of this Company now held by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, and for the further purpose of considering and acting upon the question of the consolidation of this Company with the North Eastern and other railroad companies of South Carolina, under the Act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, entitled, "An Act to incorporate the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina and to authorize the consolidation of certain railroads under that name," approved March 5, 1897, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JAMES F. POST, JR.,
je 22 21t Secretary.

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.
je 2 tf

Wanted,

5,000 lbs. Wool.
3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,
je 26 tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

Trade Mark
BIG G
CURES
In 1 to 5 days.
Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

DEFENDED OLD PETER.

General Barnum Vouched For the Colored Man Who Had Served Him.

General Barnum of Abbeville had a body servant before the war who aped him in everything. Peter so loved his master that he grew to talk like him. He lives today, the heart of hospitality, the soul of honor. One Sunday two white men drove up to the door of his cabin and asked if he had any liquor in the house. He said he had about a quart. They offered to buy. He refused to sell, but, just as his old master would have done, invited them to have a drink. Having drunk, they handed him a half dollar. Of course, like his master, he declined the coin. The scoundrels went to town and swore out a complaint that he was violating the dispensary law.

I happened to be in Greenville the day the trial took place and saw a revelation. Peter's counsel was General Barnum's son, adjutant general of the state under Governor John Gary Evans, and the chief witness for the defense was the general himself, who had come from Abbeville, distant about 100 miles, to say a word for his former slave. The general took the stand, and his son said:

"What is your name?"

"I am General Barnum, sir."

"Where do you reside?"

"In Abbeville, sir."

"How long have you known the defendant?"

"Sixty-five years, sir."

"What is his reputation?"

"As good as any man's in this courtroom, sir."

"Would you trust him?"

"Trust Peter? Why, I'd trust him with my life, my honor!"

The jury didn't leave their seats.

The scene "sorter touched me up." I met young Barnum and asked if he received anything for his services. "Accept a fee from Peter?" he said in amazement. "Why, sir, I'd as soon think of charging my father."

"You and your father came 100 miles to clear this old negro?"

"Yes, and we would have come 1,000 or 10,000. Old Peter was a second father to me. He raised me. When I was well, he played with me. When I was ill, he nursed me. When I was a boy, I'd rather sleep in Peter's cabin than in my own bed at home. I'd rather take a snack with Peter in those days than dine with the president."

I'm afraid we Yankees don't understand the "nigger" question yet. —New York Press.

Postal Card Rules.

Thrifty persons who use postal cards should take care not to waste their pennies and incur the inconveniences of a lost message by lack of attention to the government order, "Write only the address on this side." To be sure, it has been ruled in Washington that the business of the person addressed may be indicated without causing the card to be thrown out, but there are other chances of exclusion to guard against. The Washington correspondent of the New York Post tells of an unfortunate patron of the postoffice who wrote on a postal card bearing an important message, "Please deliver as addressed." The postal card was promptly rejected by the first official that saw it, and the message, of course, was not delivered, yet the request was a necessary direction, indicating that the card that bore it was not to be forwarded. It appears, therefore, that postal cards, though useful for some purposes, are not as trustworthy as communications which bear the 2 cent stamp. They have this drawback also—when they are thrown out the sender gets no notice of it.

Another postal device which sometimes defeats the end for which it is used is the special delivery stamp. If a letter with one of these stamps on it gets to a postoffice late in the evening, but before the office is closed, one attempt is made to deliver it, but if it fails the letter goes into the mail, and iis final delivery is apt to be later than if no 10 cent stamp was put on it.—Harper's Weekly.

Justly Bereft of Ground Hog Facilities.

A year or two ago Charles Green, a well known hunter, declares on a bright ground hog day that he stood by the hole and shot and killed the animal as he poked his nose out of his winter's home, and in that way prevented him from seeing his shadow. Since that time, it is said, people in this section have been unable to obtain any satisfactory prediction as to the weather of February and early March.—Lynchburg News

DOGS WITH FATAL FANGS.

Bands of Wild Canines Which Terrorize Arizona.

Ranging through that section of the United States where New Mexico and Arizona meet are bands of wild animals whose bite is more to be dreaded than that of the centiped and is as fatal as the venom of the rattlesnake. They are known as the wild dogs of Arizona, and so bold have they become that the residents round about the field of their operations are organizing to hunt them down.

These brutes form a species by themselves, and no natural history tells of them. Their origin is not positively known, but they are supposed to be a cross between a combination of Siberian bloodhound and bulldog stock and the large timber wolf of Arizona. The first of these was taken into New Mexico by cattlemen resident there about 15 years ago.

It was not very long after that when the first of the present species of animals that is now creating so much trouble was seen, and for a time their depredations were slight. Timber wolves were not overplenty in Arizona, and, while occasionally a sheep, colt, horse or steer would be pulled down by the brutes, there was no attempt to exterminate them beyond taking a shot at one of the depredators whenever opportunity offered.

In these days, however, their short barks and long, dismal howls or roars, something like a coyote howl intensified many times, are becoming altogether too familiar. The noise they make is fearsome indeed—far more so than the scream of the panther or the howl of the thoroughbred wolf. None has ever been captured, and no one wants to capture them, for their appearance is very nearly as ugly as their bite. A full grown animal of this sort will weigh about 100 pounds and stands from 2½ to 3 feet high. They are heaviest about the shoulders and neck, have a round shaped head and short, sharp ears.

The general color of their coats is gray, but long blackish hairs come straggling through, giving a disagreeable appearance. Occasionally one of them will be of a different color still and perhaps of fairly good appearance, but this is supposed to result from the breeding in of domestic dogs, who have been known to desert the ranches and join one of these bands.

The cattle, calves, horses and colts which meet death through these animals are by no means killed by them because food is needed, but die from the effects of the bite, which in every case produces symptoms exactly similar to strychnine poisoning. Benjamin Brown of Nutrioso, A. T., has perhaps killed more of these animals than any other person, and he regards the task of hunting them as dangerous in the extreme. While they have never been known to wantonly attack a human being, they will defend themselves against one quick enough.

Mr. Brown tells one instance where a calf belonging to Pollard Pearson of Nutrioso was bitten by one of these wolf dogs. The bite was not a serious one, and the calf fled to its mother for protection. The mother licked the wound, and in a few moments the calf was apparently all right again. Two days later the calf died with every symptom of strychnine poisoning, and the following day the mother met a similar fate.—Philadelphia Press.

Vegetables a Fighting Diet.

I regret to say that vegetarianism is a fighting diet. Ninety-nine per cent of the world's fighting has been done on farinaceous food. In Trafalgar square I found it impossible to run away as fast as the meat eaters did. Panic is a carniverous specialty. If the army were fed on a hardy, healthy, fleshless diet, we should hear no more of the disgust of our colored troops and of the Afridis and Fuzzywuzzies at the cowardice of Tommy Atkins. I am myself congenitally timid, but as a vegetarian I can generally conceal my tremors; whereas in my unregenerate days, when I ate my fellow creatures, I was as patent a coward as Peter the Great. The recent spread of fire eating fiction and jingo war worship—a sort of thing that only interests the pusillanimous—is due to the spread of meat eating. Compare the Tipperary peasant of the potatoes and buttermilk days with the modern gentleman who gorges himself with murdered cow. The Tipperary man never read bloody minded novels or cheered patriotic music hall tableaux, but he fought recklessly and wantonly. Your carnivorous gentleman is afraid of everything, including doctors, dogs, disease, death and truth telling.—G. B. Shaw in London Vegetarian.

Soup, Savory Soup.

No up to date cook prepares the stock from which her dinner soup is made the day the soup is needed. Stock for at least a week's supply should be made at once; then the preparation of the daily dinner soup will not occupy more than 15 or 25 minutes. When consomme is served several times in the week, the entire amount used is made at once, and the different garnishes are added the day it is served. If is the same with sauces, and by a little calculation a good manager can easily discover about what proportion of each sauce is necessary for a month's supply. This once prepared, the table is revolutionized so that the sameness that characterizes the plain roast and broiled meats is no longer known. A new sauce each day gives an entirely different flavor to the meats and vegetables.—New York Tribune.

New York has a shop in which Bibles and rum are sold side by side. The place is at the foot of Washington street, not far from the Syrian colony, and its patrons include Syrians, Armenians, Turks, Russians and Irish longshoremen. The Bibles, together with other books of a religious character, are kept in a case at the end of the bar.

Nails will not bend when hammered into hard wood if they are first dipped into oil.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retension of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BARBADOES MOLASSES

Of Our Own Importation
Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

jy 9 tf

A Fresh Supply of All Kinds of Duttenhofer's and Mundell's

FINE SHOES

JUST RECEIVED.

Look in Our Show Window.

We invite the Ladies especially to try the Shoes.
We keep at the same old place, 63½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.

a 17 tf

Stings and Bites

of Mosquitoes, Sandflies and other pestilential insects are not very pleasant sensations.

There Is No Better Remedy

for Stings, Bites, Bruises, Cuts, &c., than

WITCH HAZEL EXTRACTS.

Every one living on the Sound or Beach should keep a good supply of Witch Hazel all the time. We have just received a large quantity of the best quality of Witch Hazel Extract and are selling it at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Why pay $1.75 for a quart of extrate of Witch Hazel, called Pond's Extract, when you can get the same quantity for about one-fourth the cost? Very close price in one or five gallon lots.

Ammonia 25c per quart, equal to two quarts Household Ammonia.

J. Hicks Bunting,

je 23 tf Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

Office of Secretary of W., C. & A. R. R. CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JULY 5TH, 1898.

The Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta R. R. Co. have declared a dividend of three per cent., payable on the capital stock of that Company, to all holders of record of July 1st, 1898. Dividends due and payable on July 15th, 1898, at the office of the Treasurer at Wilmington, N. C.

The transfer books will stand closed from July 1st to the 10th, inclusive.

James F. Post, Jr.,

Secretary and Treasurer W., C. & A. R. R. Co.
jy 6 6t

FOR PIC NIC HAMS,

D. S. Sides, Plates,
Bellies, Corn, Meal, Hay,
Oats, Plow Lines,
HOOP IRON SPIRIT CASKS, NAILS

and everything in groceries, go and see

R. R. STONE & CO.,

or write for prices. je 7 tf

When Prices Are High and Money Tight

is the very time you need to spend your money WHERE IT WILL BUY THE MOST GOODS. Our Cash Store is that place, and the reasons are so plain that "he who reads may run." We sell exclusively for CASH, and you pay nobody else's bills. We do not have to wait until we can collect accounts before reinvesting, and so can afford to sell on a closer margin than he who credits.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 867. Fourth Street Bridge.
je 28 tf

The University.

Largest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 508; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses, 8 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition $60 a year; Board $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 185 Students. Total enrollment, 670. For Catalogue, address,

PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.
je 21 2w

Auction Sale.

THE BALANCE OF THE HEINSBERGER STOCK

OF BOOKS, PICTURES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, FANCY GOODS, &c., WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

Sale begins Monday, June 20th, at 11 o'clock,

and each day thereafter until entire stock is sold.

C. W. YATES & CO.

je 19 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

my 12 tf Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and work ing for you while you are asleep.
☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit.

je 9 tf

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
my 22 tf Wilmington N. C.

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder nas disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours. Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C.

Foreclosure Sale.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Matthew P. Taylor and wife to the North Carolina Home Building Association, recorded on the Records of New Hanover County in Book 24, page 288, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at the front door of the Court House of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M, the following described property situate in the City of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, to-wit: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Second street and Red Cross St., runs thence westwardly with the northern line of Red Cross street 45 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Second street 105 feet to an Alley nine feet in width, thence along said Alley and eastwardly parallel with Red Cross street 45 feet to the western line of Second street, thence southwardly with said line of Second street 105 feet to the beginning. Together with a right of way in, over and to said Alley.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.
je 28 20t

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.
VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m. Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:19 p. m., Laurinburg 6:33 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m. Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and pointsNorth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 8:43 a. m., and Atlanta, 5:30 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:00 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 1:16 a. m., Sanford 3:32 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rocking ham 5:23 a. m. Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:33 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m. Monroe 6:03 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:30 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:58 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:38 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:09 a. m., Raleigh 3:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 56 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 26 "
Leave tokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 08 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Hasty Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, July 9th

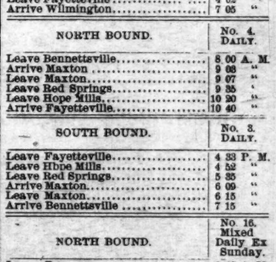
Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Friday, July 8th

Steamship Geo. W. Clyde does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y
jy 8 tf



THE FINEST CATTLE THAT IS RAISED

in rich pasture lands, watered by limpid brooks and in the primest condition, is what we pick our succulent and tender Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal from. We are expert judges of meat on the hoof, and cut and prepare a Roast, Filet, Steak, Chop or Cutlet for cooking like artists.

I. B. RHODES.

jy 1 tf

Thos. W. Greer, Administrator of W. R. Greer, deceased,
vs.
E. J. Greer et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled action, the undersigned Commissioner will on the 13th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lot of land, to-wit: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Queen and Fourth streets, runs thence southwardly with the western line of Fourth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Queen street 33 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street 66 feet to the southern line of Queen street, thence eastwardly with said southern line of Queen street 33 feet to the beginning. DAN. D. CAMERON,
June 15, 1898. Commissioner.
je 14 30t.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule in Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:08 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:21 p. m., Weldon 3:25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:08 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:33 a. m., †Boston 8:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:07 p. m. Weldon 1:45 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 8:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:09 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 85—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28. p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 8:38 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:50 a. m. Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:08 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:30 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:00 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m. Warsaw 3:39 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:20 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 57—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m. Jacksonville 10:36 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 6:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:30 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.05 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1898.

GEN. MILES DEPARTS FOR SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

Embarked on the Yale at Charleston, S. C., With the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 8.—The Sixth Massachusetts and a battalion of the Sixth Illinois are now en route to Santiago to reinforce General Shafter. The expedition is commanded by Brigadier General George A. Garrelson. The baggage of the two regiments was taken out to the Yale and the Columbia at 4 A. M., the two cruisers being anchored at the lightship at the entrance to the harbor. The embarkation of the troops began at midday. They were marched out of camp and down to Algers wharf where the steamers Commodore Perry and Planter were in waiting.

The men went on board and accompanied by the cheers of the spectators and the men of other regiments, the two harbor boats steamed down the harbor in the face of a heavy rain storm which was coming up by Sumter. The work of transhipping the soldiers was accomplished with dispatch and without mishap. By some mistake one company of the Sixth Massachusetts was left on the wharves when the steamers started. Adjutant Butler Ames promptly chartered a tug and took them out to the transports.

General Nelson A. Miles and his staff arrived in the city at 6.30 P. M., remained here but a short time. At 8 o'clock General Miles boarded the lighthouse tender Wisteria and went out to the Yale. This was in accordance with previously arranged plans. It was stated positively that the two ships would sail south to-night. The Sixth Massachusetts is quartered on the Yale while the Illinois men are on the Columbia. The expedition numbers in all 1,720 men. There are still in the city four thousand troops and others are expected here from Chickamauga. Nothing was seen or heard to-day of the transports that are said o have been ordered here.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

An Encouraging Outlook—Manufacturing Industries Active—Good Crop Prospects—Few Business Failures.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, July 8.—R. G. Dun Company's *Weekly Review of Trade* will say to-morrow:

The usual half yearly statement of failures by branches of business is peculiarly interesting because it shows that war and fears of war have not caused increase in commercial disasters. Failures during the second quarter have been smaller than in the same quarter of the past four years in trading, and in manufacturing smaller than in the same quarter of any year excepting 1894.

The fiscal year has ended with financial results a shade beyond general expectations, and the new war tax begins to increase revenue, not seriously disturbing business in any line. No reason yet appears to apprehend that the war revenue will fall below expectations. Criticism of crop estimates is the less needful because the best authorities all agree that supplies for the coming year promise to greatly exceed home requirements and a full export demand, though for a month or two yet, Europe may require much more than usual. This will help to sustain the market, while the earlier receipts are coming forward, and prices will then be determined largely by the outlook for crops abroad, which is not as yet entirely encouraging.

The cotton crop looks better and the prospect is reflected in a decline of a sixteenth in the spot price. The manufacturing works at the North are quite well employed, much more than usual during the vacation season, and the demand for goods is somewhat improving. Abroad, the state of the manufacture does not encourage hopes of an extraordinary demand for the raw material, while the stocks held by millers are known to be unusually large. The South is increasing in manufactures rapidly and not entirely in place of Northern mills. There is no disheartenment in other textile manufactures and business is good and growing in silks, bagging, hemp products and linen.

It is not enough to dismiss the iron industry with the bold statement that it is using up more iron, even at the lowest point of the year, than ever before. It is getting bigger domestic contracts for agricultural implements and car materials, and also for structural work, than in any previous year, but especially for plates, the demand for which quite overruns the capacity of all the works, and not mainly on government account.

Failures for the week have been 229 in the United States, against 206 last year, and 17 in Canada, against 30 last year.

SPANISH TERRORISM.

Starvation at Guantanamo—The Soldiers Told They Will be Murdered if They Surrender to the Americans.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

PLAYA DEL ESTE, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, July 8.—A Spanish soldier, terribly emaciated and so weak that he could hardly walk, was picked up by men from the United States gunboat Annapolis to-day at a point near the entrance to the upper bay. He had no rifle, for he was took weak to carry it. According to his story, there are many Spanish soldiers in Guantanamo in the same condition of starvation. He says there is absolutely nothing to eat there, but that the Spanish are daily told that if they surrender to the Americans they are sure to be mrudered.

A captain and three privates from Baraco came into the bay to-day in a small sailboat and were picked up by the cruiser Marblehead. They were ostensibly greatly surprised and claimed not to have known that the bay was in the possession of the Americans. They report that there is a great scarcity of food at Baraco and that the Spanish troops there are in bad shape.

Over 20,000 rations for reconcentrados have been landed across the bay by Commander McCalla, of the Marblehead, and the half-starved Cubans are flocking from the hills for food.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ARMISTICE ENDS AT NOON TO-DAY.

Extended to Enable Commander to Communicate With Blanco and Madrid.

RESUMPTION OF HOSTILITIES.

The Plan of Attack—Sampson to Bombard the Forts, Enter the Harbor and Support the Troops in Their Attack on the City.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

MAJOR GENERAL SHAFTER'S HEADQUARTERS, BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 7, via Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica, July 8, 9 A. M.—The armistice has been extended until noon on Saturday, in order to allow General Linares to communicate with Captain General Blanco and with Madrid.

General Linares informed General Shafter that he had no telegraph operator and one was sent into the city, accompanied by the British Consul F. W. Ramsden, under the British flag.

Not a shot has been fired recently by either side, but work is being pushed on the batteries and entrenchments. Our position has been greatly strengthened during the last forty-eight hours, the American lines advancing to within four hundred yards of the enemy's and our hillside batteries overlook and command the city. General Lawton's division advanced five hundred yards, to the enemy's great surprise.

The dynamite gun of Col. Wood's rough-riders, in charge of Sergeant Hallett Alsop Burrowe, has been beautifully placed, hidden in a snug pit.

The general health of the soldiers is good.

The armistice is affording a long needed rest for our men, and they are now in good shape to resume fighting.

General Linares is evidently weakening, and the mediation of the Bishop of Santiago and the consular corps may persuade him to surrender.

The Plan of Attack.

In case hostilities are resumed the plan of assau t is for Rear Admiral Sampson to bombard the forts at the mouth of the harbor, driving the men away from the guns, and then land a thousand men and occupy the forts, while launches, with grappling irons go in and countermine the harbor. The fleet will then enter and bombard the city, supporting the land assault.

General Garcia, the insurgent commander, received orders yesterday not to attack the Spaniards while the negotiations are on foot.

The wrecked Spanish cruisers are still filled with charred bodies, and the buzzards are devouring the remains. The Cubans, by Rear Admiral Sampson orders, have buried the bodies of over one hundred Spaniards which were washed ashore.

MFTHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

Report of Senate Committee—Stahlman Changed With Witholding the Truth and Making False Statements.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Senate committee on claims to-day made its report upon the investigation made by the committee into the payment of the claim of the Methodist Book Concern and the payment to Major E. B. Stahlman of $100,800, as agent in getting the claim through. The report of the committee says:

"The testimony before the committee clearly shows that no part of the sum received by Stahlman was paid to Messrs. Barbee and Smith for their personal use or to any Senator or member of Congress or to any other person for corrupt purposes."

The report also says that "Mr. Stahlman in conversation and correspondence with Senators and Representatives concealed from them all knowledge of the existence of a contract, withheld from them all information regarding it, and purposely and wilfully by misleading, if not false statements, impressed them with the belief that Mr. Stahlman was not acting as the agent or attorney of the book agents with the expectation of pecuniary remuneration for his services, but as a personal friend of the book agents and a member of the Church."

Referring to the assurance received from Messrs. Barbee and Smith, the committee says:

"No candid person who examines this correspondence can reach any other conclusion than that the subject of this inquiry was the existence of such a contract, and not the percentage that an attorney was to receive. The replies of the book agents to the letter and telegram make it manifest that the policy of silence with reference to the contract was maintained to the end, even to the extent of withholding the truth and misleading and deceiving those who made an earnest effort to obtain it."

With reference to the Church itself, the committee says:

"The committee deems it proper to state that no censure should rest upon the Methodist Episcopal Church South for the acts of its book agents. The Church has been injured by the misconduct of its agents and for such misconduct it is held entirely blameless."

Mr. Stahlman furnished the committee a list of persons to whom he had paid the money received as a fee, but only the items of payment in connection with the proposition of the claim were made public. These were: Captain Baker, $10,000 and to Samuel Donaldson $3,200, assistant attorneys in the case. Mr. Stahlman stated, explicitly, more than once, that he had not paid a cent of the money to any Senator or member, or to any one connected with the management of the affairs of the M. E. Church South.

ADMIRAL CAMARA'S SHIPS.

The Spanish Squadron Returning to Spain From Suez.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SUEZ, EGYPT, July 8—The Spanish squadron under Admiral Camara has returned here and prepared to re-enter the canal on its way back to Spain. Camara's squadron has been anchored beyond the three mile limit where it awaits the Pelayo.

The Admiral yesterday visited the governor and salutes were exchanged.

CAIRO, EGYPT, July 8.—Admiral Camara, the commander of the Spanish fleet which was bound for the Philippines and which recently passed through the Suez canal, has informed the Egyptian government that he has been ordered to return to Spain. Therefore, his ships will go through the canal immediately and will proceed westward. The Spanish warships will now be allowed to coal, as they are returning home.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

The End of the Session in the House Marked by Two Notable Incidents.

A QUESTION OF VERACITY.

Dispute That Came Near Precipitating a Riot—A Patriotic Demonstration Followed — National Anthem and Other Airs Sung.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—In a manner so simple gs to be almost perfunctory the Senate, at 2.06 o'clock this afternoon, adjourned without day. None of the dramatic and exciting scenes usually attendant upon the adjournment of Congress was enacted during the closing hours of the Senate's session. It had been agreed, when the Senate convened at noon, that the House resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress at 2 P. M. to-day should be adopted and that an executive session should be held to confirm the nominations in the military and naval establishments. No other business except of the merest routine nature was to be transacted. The arrangement was carried out to the letter.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, opposed the proposed adjournment, maintaining that it would be far more desirable for Congress to take a recess untill the first Monday in September. Mr. Morgan said: "There is absolutely no necessity for an adjournment at this time. It is a hasty, improvident and dangerous step. Thus far the President has not indicated to Congress, so far as I know, that he desires to be rid of us, and until he manifests such a desire, we ought to remain here."

Senator Morgan, of Nebraska, also opposed adjournment.

Senator Spooner offered a resolution thanking Senator Frye, President pro tempore of the Senate, for the able and courteous manner in which he had presided over the deliberations of the Senate during the present session. It was adopted.

A similar resolution offered by Senator Cockrell, Missouri, thanking Vice President Hobart was adopted with a rousing aye.

Vice President Hobart then, the hour of two o'clock being indicated by the Senate time-piece, formally declared the Senate adjourned without day.

For nearly an hour previous to adjournment, President McKinley, and all the members of his cabinet, except Secretaries Day and Long, were in the President's room, adjoining the Senate chamber. During that time the President signed a large number of engrossed bills, many of which would have failed had it been necessary to send them to the executive mansion for his signature.

House of Representatives.

The end of this session of Congress in the House was marked by two notable incidents. One was sensationally partisan, well nigh resulting in personal conflict upon the floor of the House; the other was notably patriotic and swept away all signs of the former.

Mr. Handy, Democrat, Delaware, by moving to strike from the record a part of the speech which appeared as that of Mr. Ray, Republican, New York, precipitated a dispute which brought on a closing incident of a sensational nature, during which a question of veracity arose between Messrs. Ray and Handy, and finally Mr. Cannon, Illinois, by denouncing the Democrats for delaying business by calling for tellers on the motion to strike out came, near precipitating a riot. The mace was brought into service before order was restored.

Mr. Handy, in moving to expunge a part of Mr. Ray's remarks, declared the part in question was never uttered upon the floor of the house, and he read from reporter's notes to corroborate his assertion.

Mr. Ray declared he had uttered every word.

"Mr. Speaker," resumed Mr. Handy, "a question of veracity has arisen here. If the gentleman from New York says he uttered the words in question I declare upon my honor he did not, and I hold here the reporter's notes which show that he did not, and I rely upon the memory of members to sustain what I say."

A vote was taken. The House declined to strike out the speech. A division was called for and the vote was announced. The negative vote again prevailed.

Mr. Cannon was standing just across the after aisle, face flushed and eyes fixed upon the minority, growing apparently indignant. "I called for tellers," said Mr. Handy, and with that the veteran member from Illinois stepped into the aisle, and said: "You are deliberately obstructing public business in which the entire country is interested." The rest of his remarks were lost in the jeers of the minority, calls for the regular and the resulting confusion, as Mr. Cannon charged up the aisle, pouring out a flood of vigorous denunciation. He had reached a point opposite Mr. Ball, Democrat, Texas. Mr. Cannon had called for the yeas and nays, saying it was manifest that the Democrats would call for them. Mr. Cannon had repeated his charge of obstruction, when Mr. Ball, addressing the Republican side, as it subsequently developed, declared "the record is false and you knew it was false when you voted against correcting it."

"That Is a Lie"

cried Mr. Cannon and in an instant the belligerent members were struggling to reach each other while many others were pulling and struggling to control them. The house was upon its feet. Mr. Marsh, Republican, Illinois, seized Mr. Cannon and thrust him aside, and when Mr. Ball asked Mr. Cannon to "come outside" and the latter was moving to comply, Mr. Lewis, Democrat, Washington, took charge of the Illinois member and restrained him. Meantime the Speaker had been pounding hard and the Sergeant-at-Arms had seized the big silver mace and was moving among the members where the greatest disorder prevailed. Order was restored slowly and a roll call proceeded while the galleries commented upon what they had seen in the course of a visit to Washington.

The roll call upon Mr. Handy's motion to strike out resulted—yeas 50, nays 106. Later in the session Mr. Cannon explained that Mr. Ball had addressed his remarks not to him personally and, therefore, he desired to withdraw his offensive statement.

The House then passed the bill to reimburse the States for expenses incurred in transporting, feeding, clothing and caring for soldiers in aid of organization of the volunteer army.

The Speaker named Mr. Henderson, Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, and Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, as a committee to wait upon the President, in company with a Senate committee, and announce the readiness of Congress to adjourn.

"Mr. Speaker," said Mr. Henderson, after the return, "the President directs the committee to say that he has no further communication to make to the House, and says he desires to congratulate this Congress upon its patriotic and faithful work."

A Patriotic Demonstration.

The remainder of the session passed without incident. At 2 o'clock when Speaker Reed announced "this second session of this Congress adjourned without day," a great cheer arose and then began a scene which while similar to the closing scenes of sessions, far surpassed in enthusiasm and manifestation of good feeling any similar episode in the memory of the oldest member of the House. The occupants of the packed galleries who had risen to go, paused as they heard a half dozen members begin singing "America." Other members hurriedly crowded around the Speaker's stand and joined the singers, until within a short time it seemed all the members present were aiding in swelling the volume of song. Presently a voice here and there in the galleries joined in and it was not long until members and spectators were singing the patriotic hymn.

The scene was a marked transition from the partisan demonstration which had been witnessed such a short time before. Democrats and Republicans were now singing in accord a national anthem. When the song ceased some member proposed three cheers for the "Nation's President," and the roar of the sound that followed came from a united house.

Yankee Doodle and Dixie.

The "North, South, East, West, a united country," was proposed, and then in turn came the heroes of the war, Dewey, Schley, Hobson, Sampson, and finally former Representative General Joe Wheeler, who is now clinging, though ill, to his command in front of Santiago, was named and the hall resounded with cheers of thrilling strength. Then the singing proceeded. Meantime Sergeant-at-Arms Russell had brought in two hundred small American flags and every member was now waving one. "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung while flags waved and the galleries cheered. Later, followed "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie," the latter perhaps for the first time in the House, joined in by members from every section of the country. Cheers for the Speaker were given.

The patriotic demonstration continued a half hour and then the members began leaving, saying farewell to colleagues. "Home, Sweet Home" and "Auld Lang Syne" supplanted the patriotic airs, and impressed more strongly upon the hearers that another session was ended.

Clerk McDowell, when the singing ceased, mounted the clerk's stand and announced that Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, had opened a recruiting office in the ways and means committee room, and a few minutes later, Mr. Allen, popularly known as "Private John," arose and said: "The Congressional rough-riders will report to me in the committee room and enlist for Cuba."

The announcement was suggestive of his speech delivered a number of days ago in which he proposed that a company of Congressmen be recruited.

The Latest from Shafter.

The War Department posted the following dispatch to-day from Gen. Shafter:

"Perfect quiet to-day. At the request of the Spanish general employes of the English cable company were sent in to him to telegraph his government as to surrendering. Men are in good spirits and are making themselves more secure every hour. Wounds are much less dangerous than similar wounds made with calibre 45. Among the large number wounded there are few amputations. Perhaps ten will cover it. General health of the command is good. One hundred and fifty cases of fever which runs its course in four or five days but is not serious. I am feeling much better."

THE SITUATIOO IN MADRID.

Peace Party Greatly Strengthened--Strong Diplomatic Pressure to Bring the War to a Close.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 9.—A special from Madrid says:

"There are numerous evidences that the peace party is greatly strengthened. Madrid is tranquil and the expected disturbances have not occurred. Probably this will embolden the government to yield to the strong diplomatic pressure that is being exerted to bring the war to a termination.

"*El Nacional* remarks Spanish ministers who expect prodigies of valor from the army in Cuba cannot compel the Americans to fight there. The Americans may prefer to attack the Canaries, Porto Rico and the Peninsula, and as *El Nacional* says, having succeeded, they might impose still more distasteful terms.

"Then, discussing Captain Aunon's reliance upon the third squadron, *El Nacional* criticises the vessels composing it, showing that nothing can be hoped from that quarter. The increasing difficulty of telegraphic communication with the colonies is adding to the government's embarrassment, since it cannot ascertain what is needed for defence. The march of events and the fate of the vessels sent out with provisions, with much else that it is absolutely indispensable, should be know if the conflict is to be continued and is with difficulty ascertained. All this makes for peace.

"In the meantime there is no relaxation in the work of strengthening the coast defences. Even the heavy artillery at the formidable French frontier forts has been withdrawn and sent to the seaports.

"The War Office gazette announces a royal decree appropriating 10,000,000 pesetas for the artillery. Current gossip credits the Infanta Isabella with a wish to assume the regency. She has visited the barracks and addressed inspiring words to the officers and men. It is rumored that the Queen Regent would not be averse to such a change, on the ground that Isabella, being a Spaniard, could better sign a disastrous peace than herself (Maria Christina), who is often taxed with being a foreigner.

"The government has received a dispatch, it is reported, announcing that the Spanish troops have made a sortie from Manila, and inflicted a severe defeat on the insurgents."

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 2; Washington, 3.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 0.

New York—New York, 6; Brooklyn, 2.

Pittsburg—Pittsbur6, 14; Louisville, 3.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; St. Loius, 0.

Chicago—Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 11.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

THE SINKING OF THE MERRIMAC.

Lieut. Hobson Tells the Story of His Brave Adventure in the Harbor of Santiago.

THE HEROISM OF HIS MEN.

Marvellous Escape from Death—The Capture and Imprisonment of the Party in Morro Castle—Admiral Cervera.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 7, via Port Antonio and Kingston, July 8.—The return of Assistant Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson, of Merrimac fame, to his ship, the flagship New York, last night, was marked by wild enthusiasm. It was dark when a shout passed along the ship that Hobson was coming. On the superstructure clambered the crew, ten deep, and on the quarter deck the officers clustered around the sea-ladder and a hundred hands were stretched out to grasp Hobson's. It was not until he was safe once more on deck that the crew of the New York cheered, and then they broke out into a wild yell which was sent up over and over again until the men were hoarse. Numbers of the crew rushed forward on the quarter-deck and a great group of men struggled around the tall figure of the man who had dared so much.

Hobson's Story.

Hobson sat once more among his messmates and told the story of his experience, his marvelous escape and his imprisonment in Morro Castle, watching the shells explode outside his cell.

"I did not miss the entrance to the harbor" he said, "as Ensign Powell in the launch supposed. I headed east until I got my bearings, and then made for it, straight in. Then came the firing. It was grand; flashing out first from one side of the harbor and then the other from those big guns on the hills, the Vizcaya, laying inside the harbor, joining in.

"Troops from Santiago had rushed down when the news of the Merrimac's coming was telegraphed and soldiers lined the foot of the cliffs firing wildly across and killing each other with their cross fire. The Merrimac's steering bar broke as she got to Estrella Point. Only three of the torpedoes on her side exploded when I touched the button. A huge submarine mine caught her full amidships, hurling the water high in the air and tearing a great rent in the Merrimac's side. Her stern ran upon Estrella Point. The work done by the mine, she began sinking slowly. At that time she was across the channel, but before she settled the tide drifted her around. We were all aft, lying on the deck. Shells and bullets whistled around us. Six-inch shells from the Vizcaya came tearing into the Merrimac, crashing into wood and iron and passing clear through, while the plunging shots from the fort broke through her decks, and it was only owing to the splendid discipline of the men that we were not all killed. Shells rained over us, and minutes became hours of suspense. The men's mouths grew parched, but we must lie there until daylight, I told them. Now and again one or the other of the men lying with his face glued to the deck and wondering whether the next shell would not come our way, would say: 'Hadn't we better drop off now, sir,' but I said, 'wait till daylight.'

"It would have been impossible to get the catamaran anywhere but to the shore, where the soldiers stood shooting, and I hoped that by daylight we might be recognized and saved. The grand old Merrimac kept sinking. I wanted to go forward and see the damage done there, where nearly all the fire was directed; but one man said that if I rose it would draw all the fire on the rest. So I lay motionless. It was splendid the way these men behaved. The fire of the soldiers, the batteries and the Vizcaya was awful. When the water came up on the Merrimac's decks the catamaran floated amid the wreckage, but was still made fast to the boom and we caught hold of the edge and clung on, our heads being above the water.

"One man thought we were safer right there; it was quite light, the firing had ceased except that directed at the New York launch, and I feared Ensign Powell and his men had been killed.

"A Spanish launch came towards the Merrimac. We agreed to capture her and run. Just as she came close the Spaniards saw us and half a dozen marines jumped up and pointed their rifles at our heads. 'Is there any officer in that boat to receive a surrender of prisoners of war?' I shouted. An old man leaned out under the awning and waved his hand. It was Admiral Cervera. The marines lowered their rifles and we were helped into the launch.

"Then we were put in cells in Morro Castle. It was a grand sight a few days later to see the bombardment, the shells striking and bursting around El Morro. Then we were taken into Santiago. I had the court martial room in the barracks. My men were kept prisoners in the hospital. From my window I could see the army moving, and it was terrible to see those poor lads moving across the open and being shot down by the Spaniards in the rifle pits in front of us. Yesterday the Spaniards became as polite as could be. I knew something was coming, and then I was exchanged."

Hobson Was Overjoyed.

at getting back. He looked well though somewhat worn. On the whole the Spaniards treated him better than might have been expected. Mr. Ramsden, the British consul at Santiago, was tireless in his efforts to secure comfort for Hobson and his men. The young hero knew nothing about the destruction of Cervera's fleet until he reached the army lines. He could not understand his promised exceptional promotion, but was overjoyed to learn that his bravery had been recognized by the people. He is the same simple, unaffected, enthusiastic Hobson, more anxious to talk about the effect of exploding shells and army movements than about his own brave deed. The men who came with him received a ringing reception. All are doing well.

WARM WIRELETS.

The appointment of I. D. Hargett, Postmaster at Rocky Mount, was among the number that failed of confirmation by the Senate.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were, $1,229,813,364; per cent. increase, 14 7. exclusive of New York, $493,801,740; per cent. increase, 9.7.

Peter Maher defeated Joe Goddard in eight rounds last night at the Lenox Athletic Club, New York. They had been scheduled to fight twenty-five rounds with five-ounce gloves. Goddard had defeated Maher on two previous occasions and was the favorite among the sporting element previous to the fight.

PEACE PROSPECTS MORE PROMINENT

Assumption in Washington That Spain Will Soon Ask for an Armistice.

CONDITIONS AT SANTIAGO.

Every Preparation for a General Engagement That May Begin To-day—Spaniards in a Desperate Plight at Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—There was a continuation of peace talk to-day and other evidences in this line than those of yesterday are coming to the surface. Such for instance was the confirmation by the State Department of the report that the Cadiz fleet was returning to Spain, since it is scarcely conceivable that the Spanish government would doom this last remnant of their fleet to destruction at the hands of Watson's squadron, which in all probability could head it off before it reached Cadiz, its home port. Therefore the assumption is that the Spanish government calculates that at least an armistice precedent to peace will be obtained before the ships reach Spain. An unusually definite report was in circulation that the United States had been sounded in the interest of peace by the British ambassador, but when it was brought to Sir Julian Pauncefote's attention he authorized an explicit denial and said he had not communicated with the government in any way regarding the termination of the war.

Conditions at Santiago

are regarded as favorable just now, according to General Shafter's dispatch, received during the forenoon, but the impression prevails that the Spanish are in a desperate plight within the lines of the city and General Shafter's action in allowing Linares to communicate freely with Madrid is an implication that there is at least a reasonable hope that the Spanish general contemplates a surrender. However that may be, every preparation is making for a great engagement, the final one at Santiago it is hoped, which may begin early to-morrow if Shafter's reinforcements are on hand. The department has not heard so far of the arrival of these soldiers, but believe they have reached Shafter. The greatest difficulty that has been encountered is in the landing of troops and supplies. This being the hurricane season, and the wind setting straight on the southern coast, the masters of the transports have become alarmed and have taken their ships many miles out to sea, necessitating long journeys by their ship's boats, which make their landing through the surf with the greatest difficulty and danger. So slow and tedious has been the service under these conditions that Secretary Alger has ordered General Shafter to seize the transports, one and all, and place them as near the coast as he chooses without regard to the fears of their masters.

Admiral Cervera.

The government has not yet determieed how to dispose of Admiral Cervera. A feeling of the highest admiration prevails here at the gallantry displayed by the old worrier and the noble spirit exhibited by him under misfortune. The disposition is to treat him with as great liberality as conditions will permit. It has been proposed that he be released on parole, but it has not yet been decided whether to do this or to confine the Admiral technically within the limits of the Naval Academy reservation at Annapolis. All the other captured Spanish naval officers will be confined there save the surgeons, who will be allowed to remain with the enlisted men at the prison station at Portsmouth harbor, New Hampshire. The St. Louis is due there to-night or to-morrow with the first lot of prisoners, while the Harvard is just about to start from off Santiago with the remainder.

A Spanish Privateer.

The report of the appearance of a Spanish privateer off the coast of British Columbia, which appears to have created such a commotion on the northwestern coast, came from one of the government agents in that section of the world. Moreover, the same person said that two vessels were taking on coal at a British Columbian port which it was presumed was intended for the Spanish fleet, should it have made its way into the Pacific ocean through the Suez canal.

The failure of Congress to act on the naval advancement special acts may after all be beneficial as enabling the President to arrange with more deliberation and justice a scale of rewards for meritorious officers.

SPANISH ADVICES.

Insurgents at Manila Said to Have Revolted Against Americans.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 8, 3 P. M.—The Spanish consul at Hong Kong cables that the insurgents at Cavite, Manila bay, have "revolted against the Americans." He adds that a sharp fusilade was exchanged and that the result is not known. In another part of his dispatch the Spanish consul makes the assertion that the majority of the Philippine insurgents have received the American reinforcements with hostility "because they included numbers of negroes."

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, July 8th, 1898.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending July 8:

	1898.	1897.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	9,928	5,074
Total receipts to this date.....	8,473,260	6,597,765
Exports for week..	22,146	12,245
Total exports to date.....	7,181,371	5,806,385
Stock in all U. S. ports.....	290,630	162,552
Stock at all interior towns.....	139,883	37,726
Stock in Liverpool,	1,066,000	886,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	40,000	15,000

The Senate confirmed the nomination of W. H. Chadbourn, Jr., N.C. to be second lieutenant of volunteer engineers.

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

SICKNESS TO HEALTH.

What Paine's Celery Compound Is Doing for Hosts of Women.

It speaks volumes for Paine's celery compound that of all the many women who have recovered health by its means very many were induced to take it through the persuasion of other women—sisters, mothers or friends.

When a sick and feeble sufferer is seen to gain steadily in health and vigor from taking Paine's celery compound, no room for doubt is left to the most stubborn-minded person. This joyous transformation from sickness to health is going on in thousands of homes this spring.

Here is the experience—like that of hundreds of others—of Mrs. R. H. Sudds:

135 N St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Wells, Richardson & Co.:

Gentlemen—Paine's celery compound was recommended to my husband by his father, who told him to have me try it, for with other remedies I did not seem to be getting better. I was suffering from nervousness, and my baby seemed to nurse it from me, as she did not sleep more than 15 to 20 minutes at any time. I also suffered from indigestion and very torpid liver. I find that Paine's celery compound not only comes up to what up say, but that it is, without doubt, the best tonic and remedy for women. I do not think it can be recommended too highly.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. R. H. STUDDS.

Mrs. Lydia M. Hayden of Marion, Ind., writes:

"Before commencing the use of Paine's celery compound I was treated by many doctors and tried many remedies, but did not get any better. I seemed to be all broken down, I was tired all the time and my constitution seemed to be giving out. I weighed only 115 pounds last fall when I commenced using Paine's celery compound. In less than two months I weighed 124 pounds, an unusual weight for me. I have had better health ever since and have felt better this summer than I have for years.

"My little daughter was away from home on a visit, and came home looking as if she had had a hard sickness. I went right away and got her a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and she has had better health since than she ever had in her life, eats hearty and is growing fast."

No woman in any way out of health can in justice to herself and her family fail to take Paine's celery compound when its power of restoring health is so abundantly proved.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Semi-officially Declared at Madrid to Be Unfounded—Santiago Will Not Be Surrendered.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 8.—The cabinet council this evening considered the questions of new cables and military measures necessary in view of an American attack upon Spanish ports.

All rumors as to peace negotiations are semi-officially declared to be unfounded.

A dispatch from Santiago says that after the Merrimac prisoners were exchanged General Shafter again demanded that the town should surrender, declaring that otherwise the attack would recommence at once. The dispatch gives no date for the time of resumption, which is believed to be noon to-morrow. It concludes by saying that although Santiago lacks provisions it will defend itself until the end.

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

Hester's Statement of the Total Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, July 8.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease during the week just closed of 72,393 bales, against a decrease of 141,433 last year and a decrease of 103,773 in 1895.

The total visible is 2,363,881 against 2,436,274 last week and 1,756,310 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 2,102,981 against 2,177,274 last week and 1,433,110 last year. Of all other kinds including Egypt, Brazil, etc., the total is 261,000 against 259,000 last week and 321,200 last year.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Notice—No Bills against the barge Carlie L. Tyler will be paid by this Company. Navassa Guano Co. jy 9 3t

For the Finest Peaches in the city three times a week at reasonable prices, see L. Tate Bowden No. 6 Princess street. jy 7 tf

Photographer Runaway.—U. C. Ellis has run way ahead of his competitors and the public concedes him the right of way for the finest possible Photographs. Your work solicited. 114 Market street. je 16 1m

A Choice Lot of Georgia Watermelons, Peaches, Apples and Tomatoes just received. Call on me or ring up Bell Phone No. 38. H. J. Bierman. je 21 tf

C. S. Garrell has opened a produce commission business at 7 North 2nd street. Shipments from the country solicited and will be handled with care and promptness. City merchants requested to ask for prices. je 16 D&W 1m

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is the place to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 3 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

Ed. Guyon and Wm. C. Moore

May hereafter be found at the Barber Shop of the undersigned, where they are prepared to do all work in their line in a first class manner.

Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT, Barber,
my 8 tf 11 South Front St.

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $325 cash or $350 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,
422 and 424 North Fourth Street
je 4 tf tu th sa

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, HELD JUNE 22ND THE USUAL

Semi-annual Dividend of 3 Per Cent.

Was Declared.

LOCAL STOCKHOLDERS MAY RECEIVE THEIR DIVIDEND CHECK BY CALLING AT THE BANK

J. W. Norwood, President.
je 23 tf

MEATS.

D. S. Sides,
Backs,
Bellies,
Plates,
N. C. Hams.
FLOUR ALL GRADES.

Write for Prices.

Hall & Pearsall,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
jy 7 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office
feb 22 tf Goldsboro, N. C

Blue Ridge Springs — **The Favorite Summer Resort** of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN
my 22 2m

Alleghany Springs,

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Recommended by the State Medical Society, is celebrated for its cures of Dyspepsia, in its various forms. Most extended and beautiful grounds in the mountains. Special rates to families. For descriptive pamphlet, testimonials, terms, &c., write to
je 23 1m C. A. Colhoun, Prop.